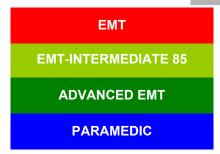


EMS System for Metropolitan Oklahoma City and Tulsa 2024 Medical Control Board Treatment Protocols



Approved 11/08/23, Effective 1/15/24, replaces all prior versions

3L - MECHANICAL VENTILATION ADULT & INTER-FACILITY PEDIATRIC



Indications:

- 1. Respiratory/Cardiac Arrest Adult.
- 2. Any Medical Etiology of Dyspnea or Airway Management Requiring Intubation Adult
- 3. Any Trauma Etiology of Dyspnea or Airway Management Requiring Intubation (except suspected pneumothorax) Adult.
- 4. Pediatric Dyspnea Requiring Intubation Inter-Facility Continuation of Care.

Contraindications:

- 1. Pediatric Dyspnea Non-Inter-Facility/Non-Continuation of Care.
- 2. Adult dyspnea of lesser severity able to be managed without mechanical ventilation.
- 3. Suspected or impending pneumothorax/tension pneumothorax.

Technique (Zoll Z Vent):

Controls:





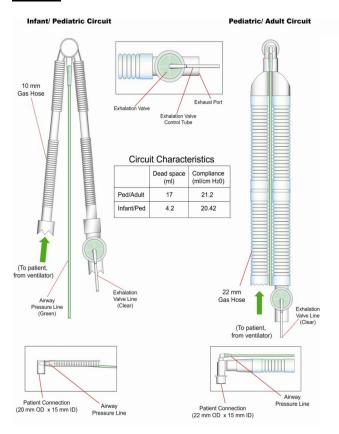
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PROTOCOL 3L: Mechanical Ventilation - Adult & Inter-Facility Pediatric, cont.

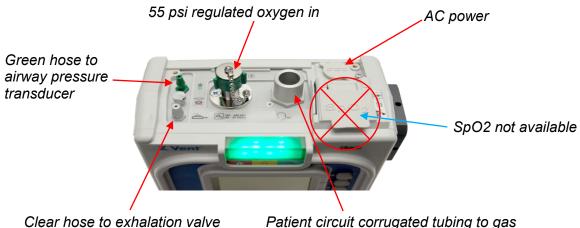
Circuits:



- Zoll Z ventilator circuits feature a low dead space design that minimizes CO2 re-breathing.
- Note: dead space (circuit and HME) should never be greater than <u>25%</u> of the patient's tidal volume (set or spontaneous).
- 3. The 2 standard ventilator circuits cover the range of patient from infant through adult.
 - Pediatric/adult patients 20 kg through adult, minimum tidal volume 200 mL; ***Ventilator use in pediatrics restricted to inter-facility transport only.***
 - Infant/pediatric 5 through 30 kg, maximum tidal volume 300 mL.
 Ventilator use in pediatrics restricted to inter-facility transport only.

Connections- check the ventilator for proper operation before connecting to patient:

<u>Step 1</u>: Connect ventilator circuit (use test lung whenever possible) oxygen hose to 55 psi regulated output.





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PROTOCOL 3L: Mechanical Ventilation - Adult & Inter-Facility Pediatric, cont.

Step 2: Power:



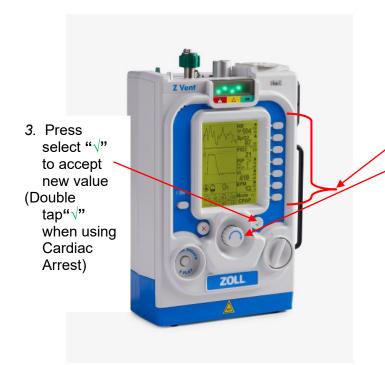
Turn power switch to "ON"

- Unit performs a Self-Check and AUTO-CAL of the internal transducers.
- Zoll Z then begins operation using the default settings.
- AUTO-CAL is performed every 5 minutes thereafter or when an altitude or temperature change is detected.
- Start-up settings may be changed during operation at any time.

Factory Defaults:

FiO2: 21%
High PIP Limit: 35 cm H2O
PEEP: 5 cm H2O
Vt: 450 ml
BPM: 12
I:E 1:3
Mode: AC (V)

Step 3: Changing a Primary Parameter:



- 1. Current value is highlighted.
- 2. Turn rotary encoder to desired value.
 - > Adult
 - Pediatric
 - ➤ NIPPV
 - Custom (Cardiac Arrest)
 - Last setting

Remember: "Touch, Turn, Confirm"™



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PROTOCOL 3L: Mechanical Ventilation - Adult & Inter-Facility Pediatric, cont.

<u>"Custom" <mark>(For Adult Cardiac Arrest **ONLY)**:</u> (Figure 1)</u></mark>

• FiO2: 100%

• PIP: 25 cm H2O (Max

50 cm H2O)

• PEEP: 3 cm H2O

• Vt: 400-500 ml (titrate PIP to keep tidal volume within this

range.)

BPM: 10
 I:E 1:3
 Mode: SIMV (P)

Once Ventilator Powered On:

- Select "Custom" from Start Menu
- Press select "√" green check twice (double tap) at startup
- Confirm Correct Pre-programmed Settings
- Titrate only PIP, other settings remain as specified above



Safety notes:

- A. Initial airway management and ventilation must not be compromised while preparing mechanical ventilation equipment.
- B. If problems arise during Zoll Z vent use or if there is uncertainty about the adequacy of oxygenation and ventilations with the Zoll Z vent, then STOP and ensure oxygenation and ventilation with the usual methods.
- C. Using the Zoll Z vent mechanical ventilation device will give the ability to determine early changes in pulmonary compliance, such as may be detected using a bag-ventilation technique.
- D. The incidence of a pneumothorax is increased in the presence of chest trauma with any form of positive pressure ventilation.
- E. Gastric distention can cause resistance to mechanical ventilation. Gastric distention should be suspected in patients with an acutely distended abdomen after non-intubate positive pressure ventilation. Relieve gastric distention impairing respiratory mechanics with either a nasogastric or orogastric tube with low suction until distention is relieved.
- F. Continuous waveform capnography is indicated for mechanical ventilation utilizing the Zoll Z. If transporting a patient with a home ventilator that remains on baseline settings the use of continuous waveform capnography is optional.